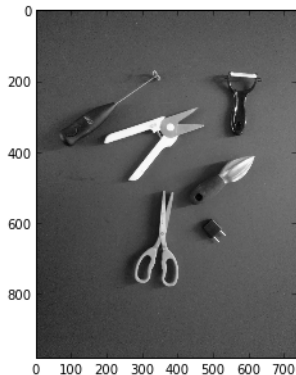
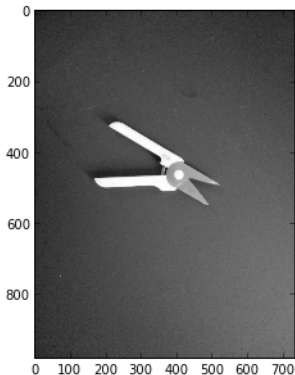




# Sample Images

```
1 target = interpolation.zoom(mean(imread("match-target.png"),axis=2),0.3)
2 subplot(121); imshow(target)
3 clutter = interpolation.zoom(mean(imread("match-clutter.png"),axis=2),0.3)
4 subplot(122); imshow(clutter)
```

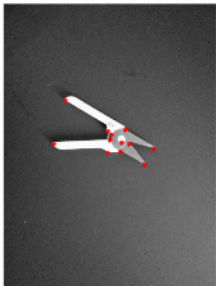


# Interest Point Detection for Matching

```
1 def harris(image, sigma=1.0, area=5.0):
2     dx = filters.gaussian_filter(image, sigma, (0,1))
3     dy = filters.gaussian_filter(image, sigma, (1,0))
4     sxx = filters.gaussian_filter(dx**2, area)
5     sxy = filters.gaussian_filter(dx*dy, area)
6     syy = filters.gaussian_filter(dy**2, area)
7     T = sxx+syy
8     D = sxx*syy-sxy**2
9     R = (T**2-4*D)**.5
10    hi = (T+R)/2
11    lo = (T-R)/2
12    return lo
```

```
1 def harrisloc(image, sigma=1.0, area=5.0, hi=0.05, lo=1.0, r=20):
2     h = harris(image, sigma=sigma, area=area)
3     threshold = max(hi*amax(h), lo*var(h)**.5+mean(h))
4     c = AND(h==filters.maximum_filter(h,20), h>threshold)
5     l,n = measurements.label(c)
6     p = measurements.center_of_mass(c,l,range(1,n))
7     return array(p)
```

```
1 tp = harrisloc(target)
2 cp = harrisloc(clutter)
3 subplot(121); axis("off"); imshow(target); plot(tp[:,1],tp[:,0], 'r.
  ')
4 subplot(122); axis("off"); imshow(clutter); plot(cp[:,1],cp[:,0], 'r
  .')
```



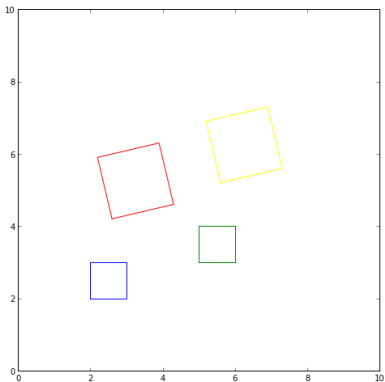
# 2D Points as Complex Numbers



```
1 def complex2points(c):  
2     return c_[real(c), imag(c)]  
3 def points2complex(p):  
4     return p[:,0]+1j*p[:,1]
```

```
1 def ppoints(p,*args,**kw):
2     if type(p)==complex:
3         plot([real(p)],[imag(p)],*args,**kw)
4     elif p.ndim==1:
5         ps = complex2points(p)
6         plot(ps[:,0],ps[:,1],*args,**kw)
7     elif p.ndim==2:
8         plot(p[:,0],p[:,1],*args,**kw)
9     else:
10        raise Exception("unknown type")
```

```
1 M = array([2+2j,3+2j,3+3j,2+3j,2+2j],complex)
2 translation = 3+1j
3 rotation = 1.7+0.4j
4 ppoints(M,color='blue')
5 ppoints(M+translation,color='green')
6 ppoints(rotation*points,color='red')
7 ppoints(rotation*points+translation,color='yellow')
```



```
1 B = rotation*M+translation
2 est_rotation = (B[1]-B[0])/(M[1]-M[0])
3 print rotation,est_rotation
4 est_translation = B[0]-rotation*M[0]
5 print translation,est_translation
```

(1.7+0.4j) (1.7+0.4j)  
(3+1j) (3+1j)

```
1 def evaluate(M,B,translation,rotation,eps=5.0):  
2     P = rotation*M+translation  
3     dists = cdist(complex2points(P),complex2points(B))  
4     min_dists = amin(dists,axis=1)  
5     return sum(min_dists<eps)
```

```
1 print evaluate(M,M,0,1,eps=1)
2 print evaluate(M,rotation*M+translation,0,1,eps=1)
3 print evaluate(M,rotation*M+translation,translation,rotation,eps=1)
```

```
5
0
5
```

# Recognition by Alignment / RANSAC

```
1 M = points2complex(tp)
2 B = points2complex(cp)
```



```

1 best_q = -1
2 best = None
3 neval = 0
4 for i in range(len(M)):
5     for j in range(len(M)):
6         m1 = M[i]
7         m2 = M[j]
8         if abs(m1-m2)<10: continue
9         for k in range(len(B)):
10            for l in range(len(B)):
11                b1 = B[k]
12                b2 = B[l]
13                if abs(b1-b2)<10: continue
14                rotscale = (b2-b1)/(m2-m1)
15                translation = b1-rotscale*m1
16                if abs(rotscale)<0.5 or abs(rotscale)>2.0: continue
17                q = evaluate(M,B,translation,rotscale,eps=20)
18                neval += 1
19                if q>best_q:
20                    best_q = q
21                    best = (translation,rotscale)
22                    print best_q,best
23 print neval

```

5 ((-17.362458453044894+18.323812742944085j), (0.85116331474283136+0.40009013576699  
6 ((-90.387978142076463-74.065573770491824j), (1.1366120218579234+0.497267759562841j)

```
1 axis("off"); imshow(clutter.T)
2 ppoints(B,'go')
3 translation,rotation = best
4 ppoints(rotation*M+translation,'r+')
```

